



J COLORS S.p.A.

Baby primer universale

Divisione TOSCANO
Revision nr.5
Dated 22/04/2010
Printed on 02/05/2010
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Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the substance / preparation and the Company

1.1 Identification of the substance or preparation

Product name Baby primer universale

1.2 Use of the substance / preparation

Intended use Water based primer for steel

1.3 Company identification

Name J COLORS S.p.A.
Full address VIA SETTEMBRINI, 39
District and Country 20020 LAINATE MI
ITALIA
Tel. +39 02 937541
Fax +39 02 93754274

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet lab@jcolors.com

Product distribution by Laboratorio J Colors S.p.A
+39 02 93754222/243

1.4 Emergency telephone

For urgent inquiries refer to Centro Antiveleni Milano
Niguarda +39 02 66101029

2. Hazards Identification

2.1 Substance/Preparation Classification

This product is dangerous under 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC directives and subsequent amendments. Therefore, this product requires a safety data sheet according to the Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Further information on health and/or environmental hazards can be found in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

R phrases: 52/53

2.2 Danger Identification

HARMFUL TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.

3. Composition / Information on ingredients

Contains:

Name	Concentration % (C)	Classification
ZINC PHOSPHATE TETRAHYDRATE	2,90<= C <4,00	N R51/53
C.A.S. number 7779-90-0		
EC number 231-944-3		
ZINC OXIDE	0,10<= C <0,15	N R50/53
C.A.S. number 1314-13-2		
EC number 215-222-5		
INDEX number 030-013-00-7		
2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL	0,90<= C <2,00	
C.A.S. number 112-34-5		
EC number 203-961-6		
INDEX number 603-096-00-8		
Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.		

The complete text of -R- phrases is specified in section 16.



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4. First aid measures

EYES: Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical advice.

SKIN: Wash immediately with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using them again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If breathing is irregular, seek medical advice.

INGESTION: Obtain immediate medical attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

5. Fire-fighting measures

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

The extinction equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and nebulised water.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA WHICH SHALL NOT BE USED FOR SAFETY REASONS

None in particular.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products (carbon oxide, toxic pyrolysis products, etc).

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Hardhat with visor, fireproof clothing (fireproof jacket and trousers with straps around arms, legs and waist), work gloves (fireproof, cut proof and dielectric), a depressurised mask with facemask covering the whole of the operator's face or a self-respirator (self-protector) in the event of large quantities of foam.

6. Accidental release measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. If there are no contraindications, spray solid products with water to prevent the formation of dust. Use breathing equipment if fumes or powders are released into the air. Block the leakage if there is no hazard. Do not handle damaged containers or the leaked product before donning appropriate protective gear. For information on risks for the environmental and health, respiratory tract protection, ventilation and personal protection equipment, see the other sections of this sheet.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

The product must not penetrate the sewers, surface water, ground water and neighbouring areas.

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP

Use inert absorbent material (sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, Kieselguhr, etc.) to soak up leaked product. Collect the majority of the remaining material and deposit it in containers for disposal. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

7. Handling and storage

Store in a well ventilated place, keeping the containers closed when not used. Do not smoke while handling. Keep far away from sources of heat, bright flames and sparks and other sources of ignition.

8. Exposure control / personal protection.

8.1 Exposure limit values

Product name	Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
			mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
ZINC OXIDE	TLV-ACGIH OEL	IRL	2	0,6	10	3	
			5		10		
2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL	OEL	EU	67,5	10	101,2	15	Skin

8.2 Exposure controls

Observance of safety measures used in handling chemical substances.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION



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If the threshold value for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company's prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear a mask with an A or universal filter, the class (1, 2 or 3) of which must be chosen according to the limit concentration of use (ref. standard EN 141).

EYE PROTECTION

None required.

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

None required.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Colour	White
Odour	Odourless
Appearance	Liquid
Solubility	Water-soluble
Viscosity	90-95 KU
Vapour density	Not available
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Reactive Properties	Not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
pH	> 8,5
Boiling point	Not available
Flash point	> 61 °C
Explosive properties	Not available
Vapour pressure	16,25 a 20° C
Specific gravity	1,220 Kg/l
Solid content:	50,20%
VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :	3,73% - 45,44 g/litre of preparation
VOC (volatile carbon) :	2,04% - 24,92 g/litre of preparation

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage. When heated or in the event of a fire, carbon oxides may be released and vapours which are dangerous to health. The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

Diethylene glycol ethyl ether is hygroscopic; it must therefore be protected from moisture and air. It may form explosive mixtures with air above 94 °C.

Calcium carbonate: avoid contact with acids.

Diethylene glycol butyl ether may react with oxidizing agents. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid and irritant fumes. It is hygroscopic.

11. Toxicological information

Butyl diglycol: can be absorbed by inhalation, ingestion and skin contact; it is irritant to the skin and especially to the eyes; spleen damage may occur. Inhalation is unlikely to occur at room temperature due to the low vapour tension of the substance.

12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it may even have negative effects on aquatic environment.

ZINC OXIDE

LC50 (96h) 1,1 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss

EC50 (48h) 1.000 mg/l Daphnia magna

13. Disposal consideration

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14. Transport information

This substance is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.



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15. Regulatory information

Warning symbols: None

R52/53

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Danger labelling under directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and following amendments and adjustments.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Primers.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition :

Limit value: 50 (2007) - 30 (2010)

VOC of product : 50,00

- Thinned with : 10,00% WATER

16. Other information

Text of -R- phrases quoted in section 3 of the sheet.

R51/53

TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.

R50/53

VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments;
2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments (technical adjustment XXIX);
3. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament;
4. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament;
5. The Merck Index. - 10th Edition;
6. Handling Chemical Safety;
7. Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances;
8. INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet);
9. Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology;
10. N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition;

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product .

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Changes to previous review

The following sections were modified:

08/13/15